CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD CENTRAL VALLEY REGION

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO. R5-2007-____ FOR PIXLEY PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY TULARE COUNTY

This Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP) is required pursuant to California Water Code (CWC) section 13267. The Discharger shall not implement any changes to this MRP unless and until the Regional Board adopts or the Executive Officer issues a revised MRP. Changes to sample location shall be established with concurrence of Regional Water Board staff, and a description of the revised stations shall be submitted for approval by the Executive Officer. All samples should be representative of the volume and nature of the discharge or matrix of material sampled. The time, date, and location of each sample shall be recorded on the sample chain of custody form. All analyses shall be performed in accordance with Standard Provisions and Reporting Requirements for Waste Discharge Requirements, dated 1 March 1991 (Standard Provisions). The results of analyses performed in accordance with specified test procedures, taken more frequently than required at the locations specified in this MRP, shall be reported to the Regional Water Board and used in determining compliance.

Field test instruments (such as pH) may be used provided that:

- 1. The operator is trained in the proper use of the instrument;
- 2. The instruments are calibrated prior to each use;
- 3. Instruments are serviced and/or calibrated at the recommended frequency by the manufacturer or in accordance with manufacturer instructions; and
- 4. Field calibration reports are submitted as described in the "Reporting" section of this MRP.

In addition to details specified in Standard Provision, Provisions for Monitoring C.3, records of monitoring information shall also include the following:

- 1. Method detection limit (MDL);
- 2. Reporting limit (RL) (i.e., a practical quantitation limit or PQL); and
- 3. Documentation of cation/anion balance for general minerals analysis of supply water, and groundwater samples.

All laboratory results shall be reported down to the MDL. Non-detected results shall be reported as less than the MDL (<MDL). Results above the MDL, but below the concentration of the lowest calibration standard for multipoint calibration methods or below the reporting limit for other methods shall be flagged as estimated.

All analyses shall be performed in accordance with the latest edition of *Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for Analysis of Pollutants*, promulgated by EPA (40 CFR 136) or other procedures approved by the Executive Officer, provided the methods have method detection limits equal to or lower than the analytical methods specified in this MRP. In reporting data, the Discharger shall indicate whether any analysis was performed using a method not in conformance with EPA's Guidelines. Analyses may also comply with the methods and holding times specified in: *Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes* (EPA-600/4-79-020,

1983); Methods for Determination of Inorganic Substance in Environmental Samples (EPA/600/R-93/100, 1993); Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition (WEF, APHA, AWWA); and Soil, Plant and Water Reference Methods for the Western Region, 2003, 2nd Edition, 2003.

If monitoring consistently shows no significant variation in magnitude of a constituent concentration after at least 12 months of monitoring, the Discharger may request the MRP be revised to reduce monitoring frequency. The proposal must include adequate technical justification for reduction in monitoring frequency.

INFLUENT MONITORING

The Discharger shall collect influent samples at the headworks of the treatment facility prior to any treatment of waste. Time of a grab sample shall be recorded. Influent monitoring shall include at least the following:

Constituent/Parameter	<u>Units</u>	Type of Sample	Sampling Frequency
Flow	mgd	Continuous	Daily ¹
Monthly Average Daily Flow	mgd	Computed	Monthly
BOD ₅ ²	mg/L	Grab	Weekly
TSS ³	mg/L	Grab	Weekly

Sample frequencies referenced hereafter in this program as daily shall not include weekends or holidays.

EFFLUENT MONITORING

The Discharger shall collect effluent samples at a point in the system following treatment and before discharge to the effluent storage ponds. Time of collection of a grab sample shall be recorded. Effluent monitoring shall include the following:

Constituent/Parameter	<u>Units</u>	Type of Sample	Sampling Frequency ¹
рН	s.u. ²	Grab	Weekly
BOD ₅			
Concentration	mg/L	Grab	Weekly
Monthly Average	mg/L	Calculated	Monthly
Percent Removal	Percent	Calculated	Monthly
TSS			
Concentration	mg/L	Grab	Weekly
Monthly Average	mg/L	Calculated	Monthly
Percent Removal	Percent	Calculated	Monthly

² Five-day, 20°C biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅)

³ Total suspended solids (TSS)

Constituent/Parameter	<u>Units</u>	Type of Sample	Sampling Frequency ¹
Salinity		01	NA coll
EC ³ Nitrogen Forms	µmhos/cm	Grab	Monthly
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	Grab	2/Month ⁵
TKN ⁴	mg/L	Grab	2/Month
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	Calculated	2/Month
Metals ⁷	varies	Grab	Annually ⁶
General Minerals ⁸	mg/L	Grab	Annually

If results of monitoring a pollutant appear to indicate either the failure to achieve the design treatment goals of the wastewater treatment facility (e.g., the monthly mean for BOD₅ or TSS exceeds 40 mg/L) or potential upset of the treatment process, but monitoring frequency is not sufficient to validate the results, the frequency of sampling shall be increased to confirm the magnitude and duration of such treatment failures, if any, and aid in identification and resolution of the problem.

- ² pH standard units (s.u.)
- ³ Electrical conductivity at 25°C
- Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)
- ⁵ Non-consecutive weeks
- 6 In October

TULARE COUNTY

- Metals as referred to in this program shall include the constituents in the Metals Analyte List presented below.
- General Minerals as referred to in this program shall include the constituents in the General Minerals Analyte List presented below.

Metals Analyte List1

Aluminum	Iron	Selenium
Barium	Lead	Silver
Copper	Manganese	Zinc
Cadmium	Mercury	Nickel
Chromium	Molybdenum	

Metals Sample Collection and Preservation: With the exception of wastewater samples, samples placed in an acid-preserved bottle must first be filtered. If field filtering is not feasible, samples shall be collected in unpreserved containers and submitted to the laboratory within 24-hours with a request (on the chain-of-custody form) to immediately filter then preserve the sample.

General Minerals Analyte List¹

Alkalinity (as CaCO₃) Carbonate (as CaCO₃) pH

Arsenic Chloride Potassium
Bicarbonate (as CaCO₃) EC Sodium
Boron Hardness (as CaCO₃) Sulfate
Calcium Magnesium TDS

POND MONITORING

The effluent storage ponds shall be sampled systematically for the parameters specified below. Pond monitoring shall include at least the following:

Constituent/Parameter	<u>Units</u>	Type of Sample	Sampling Frequency
DO ^{1,2}	mg/L	Grab ³	Weekly
Freeboard	Feet ⁴	Observation	Weekly

Dissolved oxygen (DO)

In addition, the Discharger shall inspect the condition of the effluent storage ponds once per week and write visual observations in a bound logbook. Notations shall include observations of whether weeds are developing in the water or along the bank, and their location; whether dead algae, vegetation, scum, or debris are accumulating on the disposal pond surface and their location; whether burrowing animals or insects are present; and the color of the reservoirs (e.g., dark sparkling green, dull green, yellow, gray, tan, brown, etc.). A *summary* of the entries made in the log during each month shall be submitted along with the monitoring report the following month.

General Minerals Analyte lists may vary depending on the laboratory, but shall include at least the above analytes and properties. An anion cation balance shall accompany results

To address potential for the creation of objectionable odors, the DO content in the upper one foot of either effluent storage reservoir should not be les than 1.0 mg/L for three consecutive sampling events. If results of monitoring indicate DO concentrations less than 1.0 mg/L, but monitoring frequency is not sufficient to validate the results, the frequency of sampling shall be increased to confirm the magnitude and duration of such low concentrations of DO, if any, and aid in identification and resolution of the problem.

Samples shall be collected at a depth of one foot from the storage reservoirs, opposite the inlet, and analyzed for DO. Samples shall be collected between 0700 and 0900 hours.

Freeboard shall be monitored to the nearest tenth of a foot.

GROUNDWATER MONITORING

Concurrently with groundwater quality sampling, the Discharger shall measure the water level in each well as groundwater depth (in feet and hundredths) and as groundwater surface elevation (in feet and hundreds above mean sea level). The horizontal geodetic location of each monitoring well shall be provided where the point of beginning shall be described by the California State Plane Coordinate System, 1983 datum.

Prior to collecting samples and after measuring the water level, each monitoring well shall be adequately purged to remove water that has been standing within the well screen and casing that may not be chemically representative of formation water. Depending on the hydraulic conductivity of the geologic setting, the volume removed during purging is typically from 3 to 5 volumes of the standing water within the well casing and screen, or additionally the filter pack pore volume.

The Discharger shall include in its submittal of groundwater elevation data, a contour map based on said data showing the gradient and direction of groundwater flow under/around the facility and effluent disposal area(s). The groundwater contour map shall also include the location of the monitoring wells and active storage and land disposal areas (i.e., areas receiving treated effluent).

The Discharger shall monitor groundwater for the constituents and frequencies specified below.

Constituent/Parameter	<u>Units</u>	Type of Sample	Frequency
Depth to groundwater	Feet ¹	Measured	Quarterly ²
Groundwater elevation	Feet above mean sea level	Calculated	Quarterly ²
Salinity			
EC	µmhos/cm	Grab	Quarterly ²
TDS	mg/L	Grab	Quarterly ²
Nitrogen compounds:			
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	Grab	Quarterly ²
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	Calculated	Quarterly ²
Iron	mg/L	Grab	Quarterly ^{2,3}
Manganese	mg/L	Grab	Quarterly ^{2,3}
Total Coliform	MPN/100 ml	Grab	Quarterly ²
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	Grab	Annually ⁴

Constituent/Parameter	<u>Units</u>	Type of Sample	<u>Frequency</u>
General Minerals ⁵	mg/L	Grab	Annually ⁴
Metals ⁶			Once per three years ⁴

To the nearest hundredth of a foot.

- ² January, April, July and October.
- Samples must be filtered prior to preservation
- In October
- General Minerals shall include at least the constituents listed in General Minerals Analyte List included herein in the Effluent Monitoring section. An anion/cation balance demonstrating that analyses are complete shall accompany the results.
- ⁶ Metals shall include at least the constituents listed in the Effluent Monitoring section.

SOURCE WATER MONITORING

The District's municipal source water supply shall be monitored as follows:

Constituent/Parameter	<u>Units</u>	Measurement	<u>Frequency</u>
EC ¹	µmhos/cm	Grab	Quarterly ²
General Minerals ³	mg/L	Grab	Annually ⁴
Iron	mg/L	Grab	Annually ^{4,5}
Manganese	mg/L	Grab	Annually ^{4,5}

¹ EC shall be reported as a flow-weighted average from all supply wells. Include copies of supporting calculations with monitoring reports.

SLUDGE MONITORING

To ensure that industrial and other discharges to the wastewater treatment facility are not interfering with treatment process, the Discharger shall collect a composite sample of sludge annually, as set forth by Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 503.16. Any Notice of Necessary Information (NANI) form prepared for submittal to the United States Environmental Protection Agency shall be forwarded to the Regional Water Board.

Composite samples shall be collected in accordance with the Environmental Protection Agency's *POTW Sludge Sampling And Analysis Guidance Document* (EPA/ 833B89100, August 1989) and test for metals:

January, April, July and October.

³ General minerals shall include at least the constituents listed in the General Minerals Analyte List included herein in the Effluent Monitoring section.

⁴ In October

Samples shall be filtered prior to preservation.

Arsenic Copper Nickel
Cadmium Lead Selenium
Molybdenum Mercury Zinc

The control of pathogens and the reduction of vector attraction shall be achieved in accordance with the Environmental Protection Agency's *Control of Pathogens and Vectors In sewage Sludge* (EPA/625-R-92/013, July 2003).

Sampling records shall be retained for a minimum of five years. A log shall be kept of sludge quantities generated and of handling, application, and disposal activities. The frequency of entries is discretionary; however, a log should be complete enough to serve as a basis for part of the annual report.

USE AREA MONITORING

Monitoring of the land application area shall be conducted daily (when recycled water is being applied) and the results shall be included in an annual monitoring report. Evidence of erosion, field saturation, runoff, or the presence of nuisance conditions shall be noted in the annual monitoring report. Effluent monitoring results shall be used in calculations to ascertain loading rates at the application area. Monitoring of the land application areas shall include the following:

Constituent	<u>Units</u>	Type of Sample	Sampling
Acreage Applied 1	Acres	Calculated	Frequency Daily ²
Application Rate ³ BOD₅ Loading Rate ³	Gal/acre/day lbs/acre/day	Calculated Calculated ⁴	Daily ² Monthly
Total Nitrogen Loading	lbs/acre/month	Calculated ⁴	Monthly
Rate ³			

¹ Land application areas shall be identified.

REPORTING

The Discharger shall report monitoring data and information as required in this MRP and as required in the Standard Provisions. Daily, weekly, semi-monthly, and monthly data shall be reported in monthly monitoring reports.

Monitoring data and/or discussions submitted concerning WWTF performance must also be signed and certified by the chief plant operator. When reports contain laboratory analyses

While recycled water is being applied and for at least 48-hours following application.

³ For each land application area.

⁴ BOD₅ and Total Nitrogen loading rates shall be calculated using the daily applied volume of wastewater, daily application area, and a running average of the three most recent results of BOD₅ and Total Nitrogen, which shall also be reported along with supporting calculations.

performed by the Discharger and the chief plant operator is not in the direct line of supervision of the laboratory, reports must also be signed and certified by the chief of the laboratory.

In reporting monitoring data, the Discharger shall arrange the data in tabular form so that the date, the constituents, and the concentrations are readily discernible. The data shall be summarized in such a manner that illustrates clearly, whether the Discharger complies with waste discharge requirements. If the Discharger monitors any pollutant at the locations designated herein more frequently than is required by this Order, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the discharge monitoring report.

A. Monthly Reports

Daily, weekly, bimonthly, and monthly monitoring data shall be reported in monthly monitoring reports. Monthly monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Regional Board by the 1st day of the second month following sampling (i.e., the January Report is due by 1 March). At a minimum, the reports shall include:

- 1. Results of influent, effluent, and disposal pond monitoring;
- 2. Calculated Monthly Average Daily Flow;
- 3. A comparison of monitoring data to the discharge specifications and an explanation of any violation of those requirements. Data shall be presented in tabular format;
- 4. Copies of laboratory analytical reports; and
- 5. A calibration log verifying calibration of all hand-held monitoring instruments and devices used to comply with the prescribed monitoring program.

B. Quarterly Reports

Wastewater: Daily, weekly, monthly, and quarterly monitoring data shall be reported in quarterly monitoring reports. Quarterly monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Regional Water Board by the 1st day of the second month after the calendar quarter (i.e., the 1st Quarter Report is due by 1 May, 2nd Quarter Report is due by 1 August, and the 3rd Quarter Report is due 1 November). The monthly reports required on 1 May, 1 August, and 1 November shall be combined with the quarterly report for ease of submittal. Quarterly monitoring reports shall include all monitoring data required in the monthly monitoring schedule, and the data from quarterly effluent and water supply monitoring events.

Groundwater: Quarterly groundwater monitoring data shall be reported in quarterly monitoring reports and submitted to the Regional Water Board as detailed in the previous section. Quarterly monitoring reports shall include all monitoring data required from quarterly groundwater monitoring events. The quarterly groundwater monitoring reports shall contain:

- 1. Quarterly groundwater contour maps;
- 2. Graphs of the laboratory analytical data for all samples taken from each well within at least the previous five calendar years. Each such graph shall plot over time for a given monitoring well the concentration of one or more waste constituents; and
- 3. All monitoring analytical data obtained during the quarter presented in tabular form and included with previous data obtained for the given well.

C. Annual Reports

Wastewater: An Annual Report shall be prepared as a fourth quarter monitoring report. The Annual Report will include all monitoring data required in the monthly/quarterly schedule plus the results of any annually sampled constituents (general minerals, selected metals, etc). The Annual Report shall be submitted to the Regional Board by 1 February of the year following the year the samples were collected. In addition to the data normally presented, the Annual Report shall include the following:

- 1. The names, certificate grades, and general responsibilities of all persons in charge of wastewater treatment and disposal;
- 2. The names and telephone numbers of persons to contact regarding the WWTF for emergency and routine situations;
- 3. A statement certifying when the flow meter and other monitoring instruments and devices were last calibrated, including identification of who performed the calibrations (standard Provision C.4);
- 4. A statement whether the current operation and maintenance manual, and contingency plan, reflect the WWTF as currently constructed and operated, and the dates when these documents were last reviewed for adequacy;
- 5. The results of an annual evaluation conducted pursuant to Standard Provisions E.4 and a figure depicting monthly average discharge flow for the previous five calendar years;
- 6. The most recent water supply report including laboratory data;
- 7. A summary of sludge monitoring, including:
 - a. Annual sludge production in dry tons and percent solids;
 - b. A schematic diagram showing sludge handling facilities and solids flow diagram; and
 - c. A description of disposal methods, including the following information related to the disposal methods used at the WWTF. If more than one method is used, include the percentage of sludge production disposed of by each method.
 - i. For **landfill disposal**, include (a) the Order numbers that regulate the landfill(s) used, (b) the present classifications of the landfill(s) used, and (c) the names and locations of the facilities receiving the sludge.

- ii. For **land application**, include: (a) the locations of the site(s), and (b) the Order number of any WDRs that regulates the site(s).
- iii. For **incineration**, include: (a) the names and location of the site(s) where sludge incineration occurs, (b) the Order numbers of WDRs that regulate the site(s), (c) the disposal method of ash, and (d) the names and locations of facilities receiving ash (if applicable); and
- iv. For **composting**, include: (a) the location of the site(s), and (b) the order numbers of any WDRs that regulate the site(s).
- 8. A summary and discussion of the compliance record for the reporting period. If violations have occurred, the report shall also discuss the corrective actions taken and planned to bring the discharge into full compliance with this Order.
- 9. A statement regarding whether the current operation and maintenance manual, and contingency plan, reflect the groundwater cleanup system as currently constructed and operated, and the dates when these documents were last reviewed for adequacy.

Groundwater: An Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report shall be prepared as a fourth quarter groundwater monitoring report. The Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report will include all groundwater monitoring data required in the monthly/quarterly groundwater monitoring schedule plus the results of any annually sampled groundwater constituents (general minerals, selected metals, etc). The Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report shall be submitted to the Regional Board by 1 February of the year following the year the samples were collected. In addition to the data normally presented in the quarterly groundwater monitoring reports, the Annual Report shall include the following:

- 1. Quarterly groundwater contour maps from the previous four quarters;
- 2. Graphs of the analytical data for all samples collected from each monitoring well for at least five calendar years. Each such graph shall plot over time for a given monitoring well the concentration of one or more waste constituents specified herein and selected in concurrence with Regional Water Board staff. Graphs shall be plotted at a scale appropriate to show trends or variations in water quality, and shall plot each datum, rather than plotting mean values.
- 3. All monitoring data obtained during the previous monitoring events for at least the last five calendar years.

All technical reports required herein must be overseen and certified by a California registered civil engineer, certified engineering geologist, or certified hydrogeologist in accordance with California Business and Professions Code, sections 6735, 7835, and 7835.1.

All reports submitted in response to this Order shall comply with the signatory requirements in Standard Provision B.3.

A transmittal letter shall accompany each self-monitoring report. The letter shall discuss any violations during the reporting period and all actions taken or planned for correcting violations, such as operation or facility modifications. If the Discharger has previously submitted a report describing corrective actions and/or a time schedule for implementing the corrective actions, reference to the previous correspondence will be satisfactory.

The Discharger shall implement the above monitoring program on the first day of the month following adoption of this Order.

Ordered by:	
	PAMELA C. CREEDON, Executive Officer
	(Date)

kc/DKP: 6/19/07